

Rat Neuropilin-1 ELISA Kit

Cat#: orb196307 (ELISA Manual)

Assay Principle

The Rat Nrp1 Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Rat Nrp1 with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for Nrp1. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for Nrp1. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Rat Nrp1 with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: F22-D854. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Rat Nrp1, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Rat Nrp1 in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Rat Nrp1 in the sample.

Overview

Product Name	Rat Neuropilin-1 PicoKine™ ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Rat
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Rat Neuropilin-1. 96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Sensitivity	<20pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value

	of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	780pg/ml-50,000pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	Q9QWJ9

Technical Details

Capture/Detection Antibodies	The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Rat Nrp1
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: F22-D854
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume
Anti-Rat Nrp1 Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
Rat Nrp1 Standard	2	50ng/tube
Rat Nrp1 Biotinylated antibody (100x)	1	130 µl
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	1	130 µl
Sample Diluent	1	30ml
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml

Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml
Stop Solution	1	10ml
Plate Sealers	4	Piece

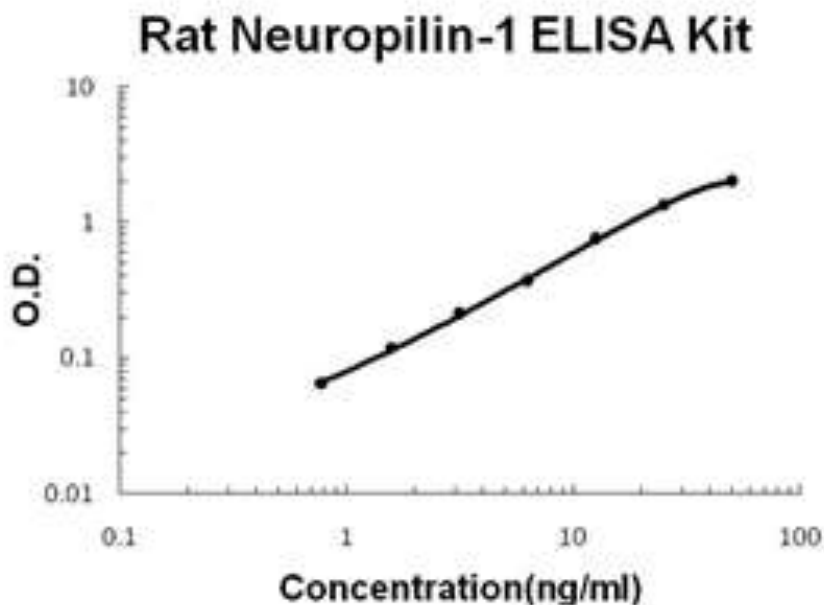
Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

- i. Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.
- ii. Automated plate washer (optional)
- iii. Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 μ l through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.
- iv. Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.
- v. Deionized or distilled water.
- vi. 500ml graduated cylinders.
- vii. Test tubes for dilution.

Rat Neuropilin-1 PicoKine™ ELISA Kit (EK1343) Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration(ng/ml)	0	0.78	1.56	3.12	6.25	12.5	25	50
O.D.	0.025	0.065	0.119	0.210	0.369	0.749	1.355	2.007



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

We spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision accross assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Sample	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	1417	5511	22521	1503	5411	21637
Standard deviation	100.6	247.99	1666.55	118.73	313.83	1968.96

CV(%)	7.1%	4.5%	7.4%	7.9%	5.8%	9.1%
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Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	Mean (pg/ml)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	1417	1397	1463	1389	1416	28.71	2%
Sample 2	5511	5937	5959	5693	5775	184.74	3.1%
Sample 3	22521	21604	22323	22303	22187	347.63	1.5%

*number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-20min) is based on 37°C.
Wash buffer	Dissolve the included powder in 1000ml of deionized water. Excess wash buffer can be stored for up to one week at 4°C.
Biotinylated Anti-Rat Nrp1 antibody	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Rat Nrp1 Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 µl by adding 1 µl of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 µl of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.

<p>Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex</p>	<p>It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 µl by adding 1 µl of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 µl of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.</p>
<p>Rat Nrp1 Standard</p>	<p>It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 50ng of lyophilized Rat Nrp1 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 50ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.</p>
<p>Microplate</p>	<p>The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.</p>

Dilution of Rat Nrp1 Standard

- a. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 –50000pg/ml, #2 –25000pg/ml, #3 – 12500pg/ml, #4 – 6250pg/ml, #5 – 3125pg/ml, #6 – 1562.5pg/ml, #7 – 781.25pg/ml, #8 – 0.0 (Blank).
- b. For standard #1, add 1000µl of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.
- c. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- d. To generate standard #2, add 300 µl of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 µl. Mix thoroughly.
- e. To generate standard #3, add 300 µl of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 µl. Mix thoroughly.
- f. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.
- g. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin or EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.
Cell lysates	Lyse the cells, make sure there are no visible cell sediments. Centrifuge cell lysates at approximately 10000 X g for 5 min. Collect the supernatant.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 µl of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
3. Add 100 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. At least two replicates of each standard. sample, or control is recommended.
4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).
5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
6. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Rat Nrp1 antibody to each well.
7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
9. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well and incubate for 40 minutes at RT (or 30 minutes at 37°C).
10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
11. Add 90 μ l of Color Developing Reagent to each well and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 25-30 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
12. Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on Nrp1

NRP1(Neuropilin 1) also known as NP1, NRP, BDCA4 or VEGF165R, is a membrane-bound coreceptor to a tyrosine kinase receptor for both vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) and semaphorin family members. NRP1 plays versatile roles in angiogenesis, axon guidance, cell survival, migration, and invasion. By somatic cell hybrid analysis, the NRP1 gene was mapped to chromosome 10. NRP1 binds PGF1 with lower affinity. NRP1-mediated interactions are a necessary element in the initiation of the primary immune response and offer another example, like that of agrin, of a molecule shared by neurologic and immunologic synapses. After T-cell contact with DC, T-cell NRP1 colocalized with CD3 in the immunologic synapse and, sometimes, also at the opposite pole of the T cell. Soluble NRP1 interacts in a homophilic fashion with NRP1 on both DC and T cells, and this binding can be inhibited by blocking antibodies to NRP1. Furthermore, selective NRP1 inhibition in this model suppressed neovascular formation substantially.