NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase

Microplate Assay Kit

Cat #: orb707337 (manual)

Detection and Quantification of NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase Activity in Serum, Plasma, Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media and Other biological fluids Samples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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INTRODUCTION

In enzymology, a malate dehydrogenase (NADP+) (EC 1.1.1.82) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction

$$\text{(S) -malate} + \text{NADP}^+ \rightarrow \text{oxaloacetate} + \text{NADPH} + \text{H}^+$$

Thus, the two substrates of this enzyme are (S) -malate and NADP+, whereas its 3 products are oxaloacetate, NADPH, and H+.

This enzyme belongs to the family of oxidoreductases, specifically those acting on the CH-OH group of donor with NAD^+ or $NADP^+$ as acceptor. The systematic name of this enzyme class is (S) -malate: $NADP^+$ oxidoreductase. Other names in common use include $NADP^+$-malic enzyme, $NADP^+$-malate dehydrogenase, malic dehydrogenase (nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate), malate $NADP^+$ dehydrogenase, $NADP^+$ malate dehydrogenase, $NADP^+$-linked malate dehydrogenase, and malate dehydrogenase ($NADP^+$). This enzyme participates in pyruvate metabolism and carbon fixation.

NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase Assay Kit is a sensitive assay for determining NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase activity in various samples. NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase activity is determined by NADPH decomposition rate. The reaction products can be measured at a colorimetric readout at 340 nm.

KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 ml x 4	4 °C
Reaction Buffer	20 ml x 1	4 °C
Substrate	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Standard	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

Note:

Substrate: add 19 ml Reaction Buffer to dissolve before use.

Standard: add 1 ml distilled water to dissolve before use; then add 0.2 ml into 0.8 ml distilled water, the concentration will be 400 µmol/L.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 340 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Centrifuge
7. Timer
8. Ice

SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For cell and bacteria samples

Collect cell or bacteria into centrifuge tube, discard the supernatant after centrifugation, add 1 ml Assay buffer for 5×10^6 cell or bacteria, sonicate (with power 20%, sonicate 3s, interval 10s, repeat 30 times) ; centrifuged at 10, 000g 4 °C for 15 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

2. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 10, 000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.

3. For liquid samples

Detect directly.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Warm all regents to room temperature before use.

Add following reagents into the microplate:

Reagent	Sample	Standard	Blank
Standard	--	200 µl	--
Distilled water	--	--	200 µl
Substrate	190 µl	--	--
Sample	10 µl	--	--
Mix, measured at 340 nm and record the absorbance of 10th second and 130th second.			

Note:

1) Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve.

2) For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range. If the enzyme activity is lower, please add more sample into the reaction system; or increase the reaction time; if the enzyme activity is higher, please dilute the sample, or decrease the reaction time.

CALCULATION

Unit Definition: One unit of NADP-Malate Dehydrogenase activity is defined as the enzyme reduces 1 nmol of NADPH per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\text{NADP-MDH (U/mg)} = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (V_{Sample} \times C_{Protein}) / T$$

$$= 4000 \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / C_{Protein}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

$$\text{NADP-MDH (U/g)} = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (V_{Sample} \times W / V_{Assay}) / T$$

$$= 4000 \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / W$$

3. According to the quantity of cells or bacteria

$$\text{NADP-MDH (U/10}^4\text{)} = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / (V_{Sample} \times N / V_{Assay}) / T$$

$$= 4000 \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / N$$

4. According to the volume of sample

$$\text{NADP-MDH (U/ml)} = (C_{Standard} \times V_{Standard}) \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank}) / V_{Sample} / T$$

$$= 4000 \times (OD_{Sample\ (10S)} - OD_{Sample\ (130S))} / (OD_{Standard} - OD_{Blank})$$

$C_{Standard}$: the standard concentration, 400 μmol/L = 400 nmol/ml;

$V_{Standard}$: the volume of standard, 200 μl = 0.2 ml;

$C_{Protein}$: the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

N: the quantity of cell or bacteria, N × 10^4;

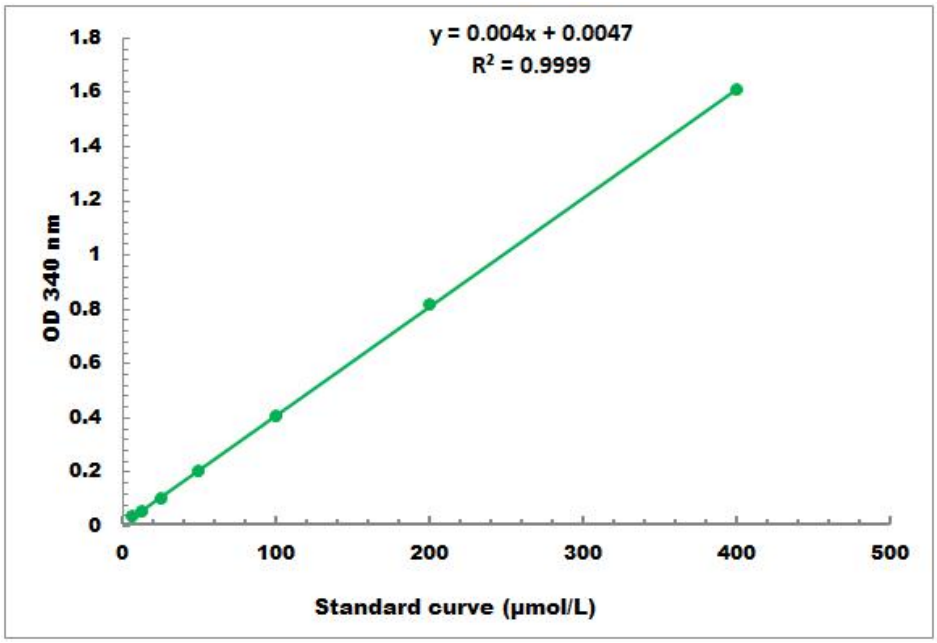
V_{Sample}: the volume of sample, 0.01 ml;

V_{Assay}: the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

T: the reaction time, 2 minutes.

TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 4 µmol/L - 400 µmol/L

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