



# Soluble Starch Synthase Microplate Assay Kit

**Cat #: orb545614 (manual)** 

Detection and Quantification of Soluble Starch Synthase Activity in Tissue extracts, Cell lysate, Cell culture media and Other biological fluids Samples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.





#### **INTRODUCTION**

In enzymology, a starch synthase (EC 2.4.1.21) is an enzyme that catalyzes the chemical reaction.

ADP-glucose + (1, 4-alpha-D-glucosyl $)_n \rightarrow ADP + (1, 4$ -alpha-D-glucosyl $)_{n+1}$ 

Thus, the two substrates of this enzyme are ADP-glucose and a chain of D-glucose residues joined by 1,

4-alpha-glycosidic bonds, whereas its two products are ADP and an elongated chain of glucose residues.

Plants use these enzymes in the biosynthesis of starch.





#### KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer	30 ml x 4	4 °C
Diluent	30 ml x 1	4 °C
Enzyme A	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Enzyme B	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Coenzyme	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Substrate	Powder x 1	-20 °C
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

#### **Note:**

Enzyme A: add 5 ml Diluent to dissolve before use.
Enzyme B: add 1 ml Diluent to dissolve before use.
Coenzyme: add 10 ml Diluent to dissolve before use.
Substrate: add 10 ml Diluent to dissolve before use.

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 340 nm
- 2. Distilled water
- 3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
- 4. Pipette tips
- 5. Mortar
- 6. Centrifuge
- 7. Timer
- 8. Ice

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#### **SAMPLE PREPARATION**

## 1. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.1 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay buffer on ice, centrifuged at 10000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube and keep it on ice for detection.





#### **ASSAY PROCEDURE**

## Add following reagents into the centrifuge tube:

Reagent	Sample	
Sample	50 μl	
Substrate	100 μl	
Mix, incubate at 30°C for 30 minutes, put it into boiling water for 2 minutes. Then keep it on ice for cold.		
Enzyme A	50 μl	
Mix, incubate at 30°C for 30 minutes, put it into boiling water for 2 minutes. Then keep it on ice for cold.		
Centrifuged at 10000g 4 °C for 10 minutes, add the supernatant into the microplate.		
Supernatant	100 μl	
Coenzyme	90 μl	
Enzyme B	10 μl	
Mix, measured at 340 nm and record the absorbance of 10th second and 130th second.		

#### Note:

1) For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range. If the enzyme activity is lower, please add more sample into the reaction system; or increase the reaction time; if the enzyme activity is higher, please dilute the sample, or decrease the reaction time.





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#### **CALCULATION**

**Unit Definition:** One Unit of Soluble Starch Synthase activity is defined as the enzyme produces 1 nmol NADPH per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\begin{split} & SSS\left(U/mg\right) = \left(OD_{Sample\;(130S)} - OD_{\;Sample\;(10S))} \,/\, \left(\epsilon \times d\right) \times V_{Total} \times 10^9 \,/\, \left(V_{Sample} \times C_{Protein}\right) \,/\, T1 \,/\, T2 \times 2 \\ & = 35.73 \times \left(OD_{Sample\;(130S)} - OD_{\;Sample\;(10S))} \,/\, C_{Protein} \end{split}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{split} & SSS\left(U/g\right) = \left(OD_{Sample\;(130S)} - OD_{Sample\;(10S))} \, / \left(\epsilon \times d\right) \times V_{Total} \times 10^9 \, / \left(W \times V_{Sample} \, / \, V_{Assay}\right) \, / \, T1 \, / \, T2 \times 2 \\ & = 35.73 \times \left(OD_{Sample\;(130S)} - OD_{Sample\;(10S))} \, / \, W \end{split}$$

3. According to the quantity of cells or bacteria

$$\begin{split} &SSS\left(U/10^4\right) = \left(OD_{Sample\,(130S)} \text{- }OD_{\,Sample\,(10S))} \,/\,\left(\epsilon \times d\right) \times V_{Total} \times 10^9 \,/\,\left(N \times V_{Sample} \,/\,V_{Assay}\right) \,/\,T1 \,/\,T2 \times 2 \\ &= 35.73 \times \left(OD_{Sample\,(130S)} \text{- }OD_{\,Sample\,(10S))} \,/\,N \end{split}$$

ε: molar extinction coefficient, 6.22 × 10<sup>3</sup> L/mol/cm;

d: the optical path of 96-Well microplate, 0.6 cm;

C<sub>Protein</sub>: the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

N: the quantity of cell or bacteria,  $N \times 10^4$ ;

V<sub>Total</sub>: the total volume of the enzymatic reaction, 0.2 ml;

V<sub>Sample</sub>: the volume of sample, 0.05 ml;

V<sub>Assay</sub>: the volume of Assay buffer, 1 ml;

T1: the reaction time, 30 minutes.

T2: the reaction time, 2 minutes.



