

Erythromycin N-demethylase

Microplate Assay Kit

Cat #: orb390739 (manual)

Detection and Quantification of Erythromycin N-demethylase (ERND) Activity in Tissue extracts, Cell lysate Samples.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

INTRODUCTION

Cytochrome P450 enzymes play an important role in the metabolism of exogenous substrate, especially drugs and poisons. As an important enzyme of P450 family, Erythromycin N-demethylase (ERND) is equivalent to isoform CYP2B and closely related to the demethylation reaction of drugs. CYP2B can catalytic the forming of inactive metabolites that easy be excreted, so that it is a detoxification agent, and it also allows certain drugs be activation by CYP2B metabolic.

ERND catalytic erythromycin release formaldehyde, formaldehyde content was measured by a colorimetric Nash, thus ERND activity can be calculated.

KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume	Storage
96-Well Microplate	1 plate	
Assay Buffer I	30 ml x 4	4 °C
Assay Buffer II	30 ml x 2	4 °C
Substrate I	Powder x 1	4 °C, keep in dark
Substrate II	Powder x 1	4 °C
Substrate Diluent	1 ml x 1	4 °C
Stop Solution	10 ml x 1	4 °C
Dye Reagent	10 ml x 1	4 °C, keep in dark
Standard (50 µmol/L)	1 ml x 1	4 °C
Plate Adhesive Strips	3 Strips	
Technical Manual	1 Manual	

Note:

Substrate I: add 1 ml Substrate Diluent to dissolve before use, store at 4 °C.

Substrate II: add 1 ml distilled water to dissolve before use, store at 4 °C.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

1. Microplate reader to read absorbance at 420 nm
2. Distilled water
3. Pipettor, multi-channel pipettor
4. Pipette tips
5. Mortar
6. Ice
7. Centrifuge
8. Timer

SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. For tissue samples

Weigh out 0.5 g tissue, homogenize with 1 ml Assay Buffer I on ice, centrifuged at 10,000g 4 °C for 20 minutes, take the supernatant into a new centrifuge tube. Centrifuged at 100,000g 4 °C for 60 minutes, discard the supernatant. Add 1 ml Assay Buffer I to the precipitation, mix and vortex, centrifuged at 100,

000g 4 °C for 30 minutes, discard the supernatant. Add 0.5 ml Assay Buffer II to the precipitation, mix and vortex. Keep it on ice for detection.

2. For liquid samples

Detect it directly.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Add following reagents in the microcentrifuge tubes:

Reagent	Sample	Control	Standard	Blank
Sample	10 µl	--	--	--
Distilled water	--	10 µl	--	--
Assay Buffer II	70 µl	70 µl	--	--
Substrate I	10 µl	10 µl	--	--
Substrate II	10 µl	10 µl	--	--
Mix, put it in the oven, 37 °C for 30 minutes.				
Stop Solution	100 µl	100 µl	--	--
Mix, put them on ice for 5 minutes. Centrifuged at 8, 000g at room temperature for 5 minutes, take the supernatant into the microplate.				
Supernatant	100 µl	100 µl	--	--
Standard	--	--	100 µl	--
Distilled water	--	--	--	100 µl
Dye Reagent	100 µl	100 µl	100 µl	100 µl
Mix, put it in the oven, 60 °C for 10 minutes, then put it on ice immediately. Record absorbance measured at 420 nm.				

Note:

- 1) Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve.
- 2) For unknown samples, we recommend doing a pilot experiment & testing several doses to ensure the readings are within the standard curve range. If the enzyme activity is lower, please add more sample into the reaction system; or increase the reaction time; if the enzyme activity is higher, please dilute the sample, or decrease the reaction time.

CALCULATION

Unit Definition: One unit of ERND activity is defined as the enzyme generates 1 nmol of formaldehyde per minute.

1. According to the protein concentration of sample

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ERND (U/mg)} &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \times C_{\text{Protein}}) / T \times \\ & 2 \\ &= 3.33 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / C_{\text{Protein}} \end{aligned}$$

2. According to the weight of sample

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ERND (U/g)} &= (C_{\text{Standard}} \times V_{\text{Standard}}) \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / (V_{\text{Sample}} \times W / V_{\text{Assay}}) / T \\ & \times 2 \\ &= 6.67 \times (\text{OD}_{\text{Sample}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Control}}) / (\text{OD}_{\text{Standard}} - \text{OD}_{\text{Blank}}) / W \end{aligned}$$

C_{Standard} : the standard concentration, 50 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ = 50 nmol/ml;

V_{Standard} : the volume of standard, 0.1 ml;

C_{Protein} : the protein concentration, mg/ml;

W: the weight of sample, g;

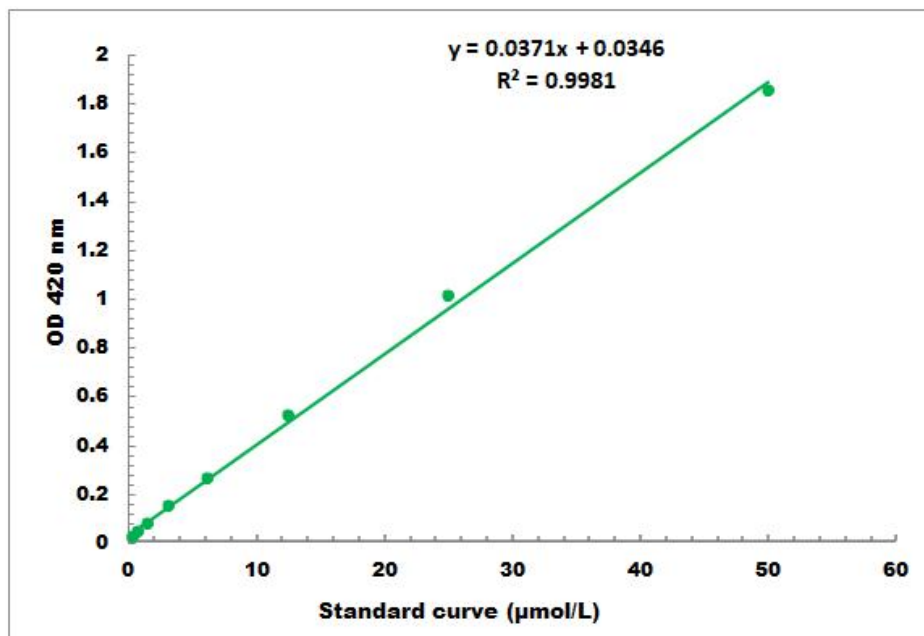
V_{Sample} : the volume of sample, 0.1 ml;

V_{Assay} : the volume of Assay Buffer II, 0.5 ml;

T: the reaction time, 30 minutes.

TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



Detection Range: 0.5 µmol/L - 50 µmol/L