



Rat BMP6 ELISA Kit

Cat #: orb1473329 (manual)

Sandwich Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay for Quantitative Detection of Rat BMP6 Concentrations in Bone tissue, Cell culture supernates, Serum.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.



INTRODUCTION

The bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs) are a family of secreted signaling molecules that can induce ectopic bone growth. Many BMPs are part of the transforming growth factor-beta (TGFB) superfamily. BMPs were originally identified by an ability of demineralized bone extract to induce endochondral osteogenesis in vivo in an extraskeletal site. Based on its expression early in embryogenesis, BMP-6 has a proposed role in early development. In addition, the fact that this BMP is closely related to BMP5 and BMP7 has lead to speculation of possible bone inductive activity.

ASSAY PRINCIPLES

The Biorbyt Rat BMP6 ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the quantitative measurement of Rat BMP6 in Bone tissue, Cell culture supernates, Serum. This assay employs an antibody specific for Rat BMP6 coated on a 96-well plate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and BMP6 present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-rat BMP6 antibody is added. After washing away unbound biotinylated antibodies, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of BMP6 bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.



KIT COMPONENTS

Component	Volume
96-well Plate Coated With Anti-Rat BMP6 Antibody	8 wells x 12 Strips
Rat BMP6 Standard	10 ng x 2
Biotin-Labeled Detection Antibody (100X)	120 μΙ
Streptavidin-HRP (100X)	120 μl
Standard/Sample Diluent	30 ml
Detection Antibody Diluent	12 ml
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent	12 ml
Wash Buffer (20X)	30 ml
TMB Substrate Solution	12 ml
Stop Solution	12 ml
Plate Adhesive Strips	3 Strips
Technical Manual	1 Manual

STORAGE AND STABILITY

All kit components are stable at 2 to 8 °C. Standard (recombinant protein) should be stored at -20 °C or -80 °C (recommended at -80 °C) after reconstitution. Opened Microplate Wells or reagents may be stored for up to 1 month at 2 to 8 °C. Return unused wells to the pouch containing the desiccant pack, and reseal along the entire edge.

Note: the kit can be used within one year if the whole kit is stored at -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

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MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Adjustable pipettes and pipette tips to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
- 3. Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
- 4. 100 ml and 1-liter graduated cylinders.
- 5. Absorbent paper.
- 6. Distilled or deionized water.
- 7. Computer and software for ELISA data analysis.
- 8. Tubes to prepare standard or sample dilutions.

HEALTH AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled, or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.
- 2. Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H₂SO₄) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand, and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution before disposing of the plate.



REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Sample Preparation

Store samples to be assayed within 24 hours at 2-8°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and freeze samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Cell culture supernates: Remove particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot, and store samples at -20°C.

Serum: Allow the serum to clot in a serum separator tube (about 4 hours) at room temperature. Centrifuge at approximately 1000 X g for 15 minutes. Analyze the serum immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

Plasma: Collect plasma using heparin or EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1500 X g within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.

Cell Lysates: Collect cells and rinse cells with PBS. Homogenize and lysate cells thoroughly in lysate solution. Centrifuge cell lysates at approximately 10000 X g for 5 minutes to remove debris. Aliquots of the cell lysates were removed and assayed.

Bone Tissue: Extract demineralized bone samples in 4 M Guanidine-HCl and protease inhibitors. Dissolve the final sample in 2 M Guanidine-HCl.

Tissue Homogenates: The preparation of tissue homogenates will vary depending upon tissue type. Rinse tissue with 1X PBS to remove excess blood, homogenized in 20 mL of 1X PBS, and stored overnight at \leq -20 °C. After two freeze-thaw cycles were performed to break the cell membranes, the homogenates were centrifuged for 5 minutes at 5000 x g. The supernate was removed immediately and assayed. Alternatively, aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C.

Note: Some lysis buffers, such as RIPA can not be used. Some components will affect the binding.

Urine: Urinary samples should be cleared by centrifugation and then can be used directly without dilution. Storage at -20°C.

2. Rat BMP6 Standard Preparation

Reconstitute the lyophilized Rat BMP6 Standard by adding 1 ml of Standard/Sample Diluent to make the 10000 pg/ml standard stock solution. Allow the solution to sit at room temperature for 5 minutes, then gently vortex to mix completely. Use within one hour of reconstituting. Two tubes of the standard (10 ng per tube) are included in each kit. Use one tube for each experiment.

Perform 2-fold serial dilutions of the top standards to make the standard curve within the range of this assay (156 pg/ml - 10000 pg/ml) as below. Standard/Sample Dilution Buffer serves as the zero standard (0 pg/ml).





Exp	lore.	Bio	reac	ents

Standard	Add	Into
10000 pg/ml		
500 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (10000 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
2500 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (500 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
1250 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (2500 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
625 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (1250 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
312 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (625 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
156 pg/ml	500 μl of the Standard (312 pg/ml)	500 μl of the Standard/Sample Diluent
0 pg/ml	1 ml of the Standard/Sample Diluent	

Note: The standard solutions are best used within 2 hours. The 10000 pg/ml standard solution should be stored at 4°C for up to 12 hours, or at -20°C for up to 48 hours. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

3. Biotin-Labeled Detection Antibody Working Solution Preparation

The Biotin-Labeled Detection Antibody should be diluted at 1:100 with the Detection Antibody Diluent and mixed thoroughly. The solution should be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to the experiment.

4. Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution Preparation

The Streptavidin-HRP should be diluted in 1:100 with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent and mixed thoroughly. The solution should be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to the experiment.

5. Wash Buffer Working Solution Preparation

Pour entire contents (30 ml) of the Wash Buffer Concentrate into a clean 1,000 ml graduated cylinder. Bring the final volume to 600 ml with glass-distilled or deionized water (1:20).



ASSAY PROCEDURE

The Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution and TMB Substrate Solution must be kept warm at 37°C for 30 minutes before use. When diluting samples and reagents, they must be mixed completely and evenly. A standard detection curve should be prepared for each experiment. The user will decide on sample dilution fold by crude estimation of protein amount in samples.

- 1. Add 100 µl of each standard and sample into appropriate wells.
- 2. Cover well and incubate for 90 minutes at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with gentle shaking.
- 3. Remove the cover, discard the solution, and wash the plate 3 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution, and each time let Wash Buffer Working Solution stay in the wells for 1 2 minutes. Blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material. Do NOT let the wells completely dry at any time.
- 4. Add 100 μ l of Biotin-Labeled Detection Antibody Working Solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 60 minutes.
- 5. Wash the plate 3 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution, and each time let Wash Buffer Working Solution stay in the wells for 1 2 minutes. Discard the Wash Buffer Working Solution and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.
- 6. Add 100 μl of Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C for 45 minutes.
- 7. Wash the plate 5 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution, and each time let the wash buffer stay in the wells for 1 2 minutes. Discard the wash buffer and blot the plate onto paper towels or other absorbent material.
- 8. Add 100 μ l of TMB Substrate Solution into each well and incubate the plate at 37°C in the dark for 10-20 minutes.
- 9. Add 100 µl of Stop Solution into each well. The color changes into yellow immediately.
- 10. Read the O.D. absorbance at 450nm in a microplate reader within 30 minutes after adding the Stop Solution.

For calculation, (the relative O.D.450) = (the O.D.450 of each well) - (the O.D.450 of Zero well). The standard curve can be plotted as the relative O.D.450 of each standard solution (Y) vs. the respective concentration of the standard solution (X). The concentration of the samples can be interpolated from the standard curve.





Note: If the samples measured were diluted, multiply the dilution factor by the concentrations from interpolation to obtain the concentration before dilution.



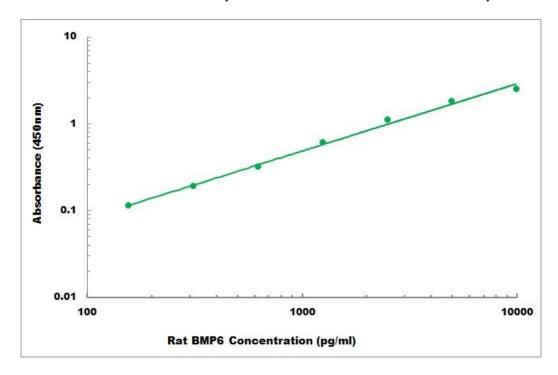
ASSAY PROCEDURE SUMMARY

- Prepare all reagents, samples and standards
- Add 100 µl Standard or Sample
- Wash plate 3 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution
- Add 100 μl Biotin-Labeled Detection Antibody Working Solution
- Wash plate 3 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution
- Add 100 µl Streptavidin-HRP Working Solution
- Wash plate 5 times with Wash Buffer Working Solution
- Add 100 μl TMB Substrate Solution
- Add 100 µl Stop Solution
- Read the plate at 450nm



TYPICAL DATA

The standard curve is for demonstration only. A standard curve must be run with each assay.



SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable dose of Rat BMP6 is typically less than 80 pg/ml.

SPECIFICITY

The Rat BMP6 ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Rat BMP6 proteins within the range of 156 pg/ml - 10000 pg/ml.





CROSS REACTIVITY

No detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
High signal and background in all wells	Insufficient washing	Increase number of washes Increase the time of soaking between in-wash
	Too much Streptavidin-HRP	Check dilution, titration
	Incubation time too long	Reduce incubation time
	Development time too long	Decrease the incubation time before the stop solution is added
No signal	Reagent added in incorrect order or incorrectly prepared	Review protocol
	• Standard has gone bad (If there is a signal in the sample wells)	Check the condition of stored standard
	Assay was conducted from an incorrect starting point	• Reagents are allowed to come to 20 - 30 °C before performing the assay
Too much signal-whole plate turned uniformly blue	Insufficient washing-unbound Streptavidin-HRP remaining	• Increase the number of washes carefully
	Too much Streptavidin-HRP	Check dilution
	Plate sealer or reservoir reused, resulting in the presence of residual Streptavidin-HRP	Use fresh plate sealer and reagent reservoir for each step
Standard curve achieved but poor discrimination between point	Plate not developed long enough	Increase substrate solution incubation time
	Improper calculation of standard curve dilution	Check dilution, make a new standard curve



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No signal when a signal is expected, but the standard curve looks fine	Sample matrix is masking detection	More diluted sample Recommended
Samples are reading too high, but the standard curve is fine	Samples contain protein levels above the assay range	Dilute samples and run Again
Edge effect	Uneven temperature around the work surface	Avoid incubating plates in areas where environmental conditions vary Use plate sealer