



## OR5J2 rabbit pAb

## Cat#: orb774585 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

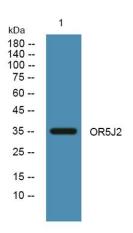
| Product Name             | OR5J2 rabbit pAb  |
|--------------------------|---|
| Host species             | Rabbit  |
| Applications             | WB;ELISA  |
| Species Cross-Reactivity | Human;Rat;Mouse;  |
| Recommended dilutions    | WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000  |
| Immunogen                | Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 220-300   |
| Specificity              | OR5J2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.   |
| Formulation              | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide   |
| Storage                  | Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  |
| Protein Name             | Olfactory receptor 5J2 (Olfactory receptor OR11-266)  |
| Gene Name                | OR5J2   |
| Cellular localization    | Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.   |
| Purification             | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-<br>chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Clonality                | Polyclonal  |



Concentration

| Concentration           | 1 mg/m  |
|-------------------------|---|
| Observed band           | 34kD  |
| Human Gene ID           | 282775  |
| Human Swiss-Prot Number | Q8NH18  |
| Alternative Names       |   |
|                         |   |
| Background              | olfactory receptor family 5 subfamily J member 2(OR5J2) Homo sapiens<br>Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a<br>neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory<br>receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled<br>receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors<br>share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and<br>hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-<br>mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family<br>is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory<br>receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other<br>organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |

 $1 \text{ m}\sigma/\text{m}$ 



Western blot analysis of lysates from PC12 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4°over night