



## OR1L1 rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb774422 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

**Product Name** OR1L1 rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit

**Applications** WB;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Rat; Mouse;

**Recommended dilutions** WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein

OR1L1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein. **Specificity** 

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide..

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Olfactory receptor 1L1 (Olfactory receptor 1L2) (Olfactory receptor 9-C) (OR9-C) (Olfactory receptor OR9-27) **Protein Name** 

OR1L1 OR1L2 Gene Name

Cellular localization Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Clonality** Polyclonal





Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 39kD

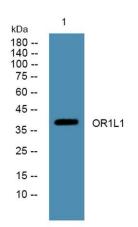
Human Gene ID 26737

Human Swiss-Prot Number Q8NH94

**Alternative Names** 

## **Background**

olfactory receptor family 1 subfamily L member 1(OR1L1) Homo sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Western blot analysis of lysates from SW480 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night