



## PAK5/6 (phospho Ser602/S560) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb769747 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name PAK5/6 (phospho Ser602/S560) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human PAK5/6 around the phosphorylation site of Ser602/Ser560. AA

range:566-615

Specificity Phospho-PAK5/6 (S602/S560) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of PAK5/6 protein only when phosphorylated at S602/S560.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 6/7

Gene Name PAK6/PAK7

Cellular localization Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Shuttles between the nucleus and the

mitochondria, and mitochondrial localization is essential for the role in cell

survival.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





**Clonality** Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Observed band** 75kD

**Human Gene ID** 57144/56924

**Human Swiss-Prot Number** O9P286/O9NOU5

**Alternative Names** 

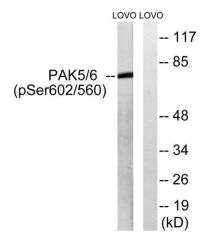
PAK7; KIAA1264; PAK5; Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 7; p21-activated kinase 5; PAK-5; p21-activated kinase 7; PAK-7; PAK6; PAK5; Serine/threonine-protein kinase PAK 6; PAK-5; p21-activated kinase 6;

PAK-6

**Background** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the PAK family of Ser/Thr

protein kinases. PAK family members are known to be effectors of Rac/Cdc42 GTPases, which have been implicated in the regulation of cytoskeletal dynamics, proliferation, and cell survival signaling. This kinase contains a CDC42/Rac1 interactive binding (CRIB) motif, and has been shown to bind CDC42 in the presence of GTP. This kinase is predominantly expressed in brain. It is capable of promoting neurite outgrowth, and thus may play a role in neurite development. This kinase is associated with microtubule networks and induces microtubule stabilization. The subcellular localization of this kinase is tightly regulated during cell cycle progression. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been

described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells treated with PMA 125ng/ml 30', using PAK5/6 (Phospho-Ser602/Ser560) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.