



## V-ATPase D rabbit pAb

**Cat#: orb769397 (Manual)** 

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name V-ATPase D rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Swine

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from V-ATPase D . at AA range: 70-150

Specificity V-ATPase D Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of V-ATPase D

protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name V-type proton ATPase subunit D

Gene Name ATP6V1D

Cellular localization Membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein .

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cell projection, cilium. Localizes to centrosome and the base of the cilium.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





Polyclonal **Clonality** 

Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Observed band** 28kD

**Human Gene ID** 51382

**Human Swiss-Prot Number** Q9Y5K8

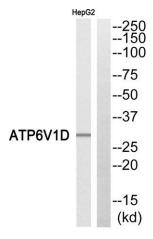
**Alternative Names** ATP6V1D; ATP6M; VATD; V-type proton ATPase subunit D; V-ATPase

subunit D; V-ATPase 28 kDa accessory protein; Vacuolar proton pump

subunit D

Background This gene encodes a component of vacuolar ATPase (V-ATPase), a

multisubunit enzyme that mediates acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPase dependent organelle acidification is necessary for such intracellular processes as protein sorting, zymogen activation, receptor-mediated endocytosis, and synaptic vesicle proton gradient generation. V-ATPase is composed of a cytosolic V1 domain and a transmembrane V0 domain. The V1 domain consists of three A and three B subunits, two G subunits plus the C, D, E, F, and H subunits. The V1 domain contains the ATP catalytic site. The V0 domain consists of five different subunits: a, c, c', c", and d. Additional isoforms of many of the V1 and V0 subunit proteins are encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This gene encodes the V1 domain D subunit protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], encoded by multiple genes or alternatively spliced transcript variants. This



Western blot analysis of ATP6V1D Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the ATP6V1D peptide.