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## TCP-1 ε rabbit pAb

## Cat#: orb768153 (Manual)

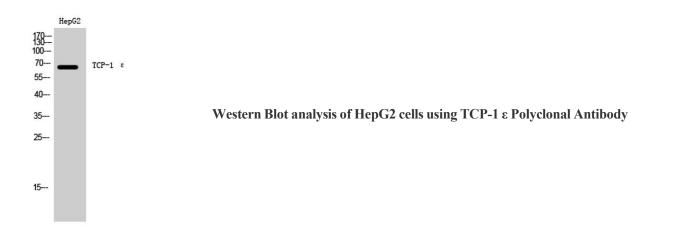
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| Product Name             | TCP-1 ε rabbit pAb  |
|--------------------------|---|
| Host species             | Rabbit  |
| Applications             | WB;ELISA  |
| Species Cross-Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat   |
| Recommended dilutions    | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.                                       |
| Immunogen                | The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CCT5. AA range:241-290                          |
| Specificity              | TCP-1 $\epsilon$ Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of TCP-1 $\epsilon$ protein.                               |
| Formulation              | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide  |
| Storage                  | Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.  |
| Protein Name             | T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon   |
| Gene Name                | CCT5  |
| Cellular localization    | Cytoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome .  |
| Purification             | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-<br>chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Clonality                | Polyclonal  |



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| Concentration           | 1 mg/ml  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Observed band           | 67kD   |
| Human Gene ID           | 22948  |
| Human Swiss-Prot Number | P48643   |
| Alternative Names       | CCT5; CCTE; KIAA0098; T-complex protein 1 subunit epsilon; TCP-1-epsilon; CCT-epsilon  |
| Background              | The protein encoded by this gene is a molecular chaperone that is a member<br>of the chaperonin containing TCP1 complex (CCT), also known as the TCP1<br>ring complex (TRiC). This complex consists of two identical stacked rings,<br>each containing eight different proteins. Unfolded polypeptides enter the<br>central cavity of the complex and are folded in an ATP-dependent manner.<br>The complex folds various proteins, including actin and tubulin. Mutations in<br>this gene cause hereditary sensory and autonomic neuropathy with spastic<br>paraplegia (HSNSP). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript<br>variants. Related pseudogenes have been identified on chromosomes 5 and<br>13. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2015], |



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