



MRP2 rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb767590 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name MRP2 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Rat; Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human ABCC2. AÁ range:991-1040

Specificity MRP2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MRP2 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Canalicular multispecific organic anion transporter 1

Gene Name ABCC2

Cellular localization Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal





Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 175kD

Human Gene ID 1244

Human Swiss-Prot Number Q92887

Alternative Names ABCC2; CMOAT; CMOAT1; CMRP; MRP2; Canalicular multispecific

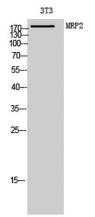
organic anion transporter 1; ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 2; Canalicular multidrug resistance protein; Multidrug resistance-associated

protein 2

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the superfamily of ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporters. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily which is involved in multi-drug resistance. This protein is expressed in the canalicular (apical) part of the hepatocyte and functions in biliary transport. Substrates include anticancer drugs such as vinblastine; therefore, this protein appears to contribute to drug resistance in mammalian cells. Several different mutations in this gene have been observed in patients with Dubin-Johnson

syndrome (DJS), an autosomal recessive disorder characterized by conjugated hyperbilirubinemia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

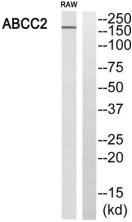


Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using MRP2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

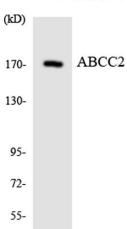




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Western blot analysis of ABCC2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the ABCC2 peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HeLa cells using ABCC2 antibody.