



## PKA $\alpha/\beta/\gamma$ cat rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb766096 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

**Product Name**  $PKA\alpha/\beta/\gamma$  cat rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit

**Applications** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Mouse; Rat; Pig

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in

other applications.

**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human PKA alpha/beta CAT. AA range:166-215

PKAα/ $\beta$ / $\gamma$  cat Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKAα/ $\beta$ / $\gamma$ **Specificity** 

cat protein.

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage** 

**Protein Name** cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha/beta

Gene Name PRKACA/PRKACB

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Membrane; Lipid-

anchor. Translocates into the nucleus (monomeric catalytic subunit). The inactive holoenzyme is found in the cytoplasm. Distributed throughout the cytoplasm in meiotically incompetent oocytes. Associated to mitochondrion as meiotic competence is acquired. Aggregates around the germinal vesicles (GV) at the immature GV stage oocytes (By similarity). Colocalizes with HSF1 in nuclear stress bodies (nSBs) upon heat shock

(PubMed:21085490). .; [Isoform 2]: Cell projection, cilium, flagellum. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, acrosome . Expressed in the midpiece region of the sperm flagellum (PubMed:10906071). Colocalizes with MROH2B and TCP11 on the acrosome and tail regions in round spermatids



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and spermatozoa regardle

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 40kD

**Human Gene ID** 5566/5567

Human Swiss-Prot Number P17612/P22694/P22612

Alternative Names PRKACA; PKACA; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha;

PKA C-alpha; PRKACB; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit beta; PKA C-beta; PRKACG; cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic

subunit gamma; PKA C-gamma

Background This gene encodes one of the catalytic subunits of protein kinase A, which

exists as a tetrameric holoenzyme with two regulatory subunits and two catalytic subunits, in its inactive form. cAMP causes the dissociation of the inactive holoenzyme into a dimer of regulatory subunits bound to four cAMP and two free monomeric catalytic subunits. Four different regulatory subunits and three catalytic subunits have been identified in humans. cAMP-

dependent phosphorylation of proteins by protein kinase A is important to many cellular processes, including differentiation, proliferation, and apoptosis. Constitutive activation of this gene caused either by somatic mutations, or genomic duplications of regions that include this gene, have been associated with hyperplasias and adenomas of the adrenal cortex and are linked to corticotropin-independent Cushing's syndrome. Altern