



Glut1 rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb765313 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Glut1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications IF;WB;IHC;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions IF: 1:50-200 Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 -

1/300. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from **Immunogen**

human GLUT1. AA range:441-490

Glut1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Glut1 protein. **Specificity**

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage**

Protein Name Solute carrier family 2 facilitated glucose transporter member 1

Gene Name SLC2A1

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Melanosome. Photoreceptor inner segment. Localizes primarily at the cell surface (PubMed:18245775, PubMed:19449892, PubMed:23219802, PubMed:25982116, PubMed:23219802, PubMed:25982116, PubMed:25982116, PubMed:26982116, Cellular localization

PubMed:24847886). Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome

fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:17081065). .

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-**Purification**

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





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Clonality Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 55kD

Human Gene ID 6513

Human Swiss-Prot Number P11166

Alternative Names SLC2A1; GLUT1; Solute carrier family 2; facilitated glucose transporter

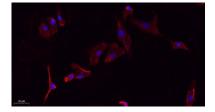
member 1; Glucose transporter type 1, erythrocyte/brain; GLUT-1; HepG2

glucose transporter

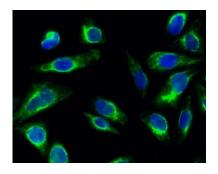
Background This gene encodes a major glucose transporter in the mammalian blood-brain

barrier. The encoded protein is found primarily in the cell membrane and on the cell surface, where it can also function as a receptor for human T-cell leukemia virus (HTLV) I and II. Mutations in this gene have been found in a family with paroxysmal exertion-induced dyskinesia. [provided by RefSeq,

Apr 2013],



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549. 1,primary Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit IgG (H&L) - Alexa Fluor 594 Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min.

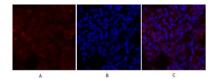


Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,Glut1 Polyclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI(blue) 10min.

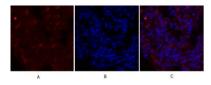




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Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1,Glut1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1,Glut1 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B