



Catenin-\(\beta 1 \) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb764742 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Catenin-\beta1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in

other applications.

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from Immunogen

human Catenin-beta1. AA range:626-675

Specificity Catenin-β1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Catenin-β1

protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage**

Protein Name Catenin-β;b-catenin;Beta catenin;Beta-catenin;Cadherin associated

protein; Catenin (cadherin associated protein), beta 1, 88 kDa; Catenin beta

1;Catenin beta-

1;CATNB;CHBCAT;CTNB1 HUMAN;CTNNB;CTNNB1;DKFZ

Gene Name CTNNB1 CTNNB OK/SW-cl.35 PRO2286

Cellular localization Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Cell junction, adherens

junction. Cell junction. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cell junction, synapse. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body. Colocalized with RAPGEF2 and TJP1 at cell-cell contacts (By similarity). Cytoplasmic when it is unstabilized (high level of phosphorylation) or bound to CDH1. Translocates to the nucleus when it is stabilized (low level of

phosphorylation). Interaction with GLIS2 and MUC1 promotes nuclear





translocation. Interaction with EMD inhibits nuclear localization. The majority of beta-catenin is localized to the cell membrane. In interphase, colocalizes with CROCC between CEP250 puncta at the proximal end of

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 92kD

Human Gene ID 1499

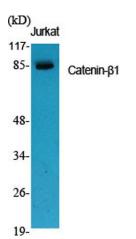
Human Swiss-Prot Number P35222

Alternative Names CTNNB1; CTNNB; OK/SW-cl.35; Catenin beta-1; Beta-catenin

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is part of a complex of proteins that constitute adherens junctions (AJs). AJs are necessary for the creation and maintenance of epithelial cell layers by regulating cell growth and adhesion between cells. The encoded protein also anchors the actin cytoskeleton and may be responsible for transmitting the contact inhibition signal that causes cells to stop dividing once the epithelial sheet is complete. Finally, this protein binds to the product of the APC gene, which is mutated in adenomatous polyposis of the colon. Mutations in this gene are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC), pilomatrixoma (PTR), medulloblastoma (MDB), and ovarian cancer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016],

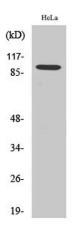


Western Blot analysis of various cells using Catenin-\(\beta \) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

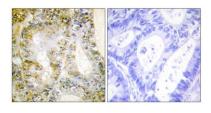




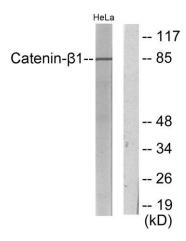
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Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using Catenin-β1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Catenin-beta1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using Catenin-beta1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.