

Human ALCAM ELISA Kit

Cat#: orb138096 (ELISA Manual)

Assay Principle

The Biorbyt Human ALCAM Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Human ALCAM with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for ALCAM. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for ALCAM. The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Human ALCAM with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: W28-A526. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents. To measure Human ALCAM, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbounded ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Human ALCAM in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Human ALCAM in the sample.

Overview

Product Name Human ALCAM/Cd166 ELISA Kit **Reactive Species** Human Size 96wells/kit, with removable strips. Description Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Human ALCAM. 96wells/kit, with removable strips. Sensitivity <10pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration. Detection Range 312pg/ml-20,000pg/ml Storage Instructions Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.) Uniprot ID Q13740 **Technical Details Capture/Detection Antibodies** The capture antibody is monoclonal antibody from mouse, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. Specificity Natural and recombinant Human ALCAM Immunogen Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: W28-A526

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Cross Reactivity There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using

standards and a small number of samples is recommended.

- 2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
- 3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
- 4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
- 5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume		
Anti-Human ALCAM Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells		
Human ALCAM Standard	2	20ng/tube		
Human ALCAM Biotinylated antibody (100x)	1	130 µl		
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x)	1	130 µl		
Sample Diluent	1	30ml		
Antibody Diluent	1	12ml		
Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent	1	12ml		
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml		
Stop Solution	1	10ml		
Plate Sealers	4	Piece		

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 μ l through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

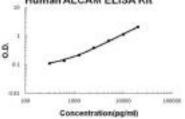
500ml graduated cylinders.

Test tubes for dilution.

Human ALCAM/Cd166 ELISA Kit Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

bîorby Defore Bioresgents	t Antibo	odies Small Mo	olecules ELISA	Kits Biology Tool	s Proteins	Services			www.biorbyt.com
Concentrat (pg/ml) O.D.	tion 0 0.033	312 0.109	625 0.137	200000000 0.215	20000000 0.385	2000000 0.688	200000 1.138	20000 2.063	
			Human ALCA	M PicoKine ELIS	A Kit standard	curve			
			, ,	luman ALCAM EL	ISA Kit				



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

Biorbyt spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

In	tra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	648	1967	8283	688	2156	8924
Standard deviation		145.55	563.24	48.16	198.35	651.45
CV(%)	5.8%	7.4%	6.8%	7%	9.2%	7.3%

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)		Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	648	630	693	657	657	22.94	3.4%
Sample 2	1967	2006	1987	2137	2024	66.54	3.2%
Sample 3	8283	8482	8134	7570	8117	339.21	4.1%

"number of samples for each test n=16.

Biorbyt Ltd.

5 Orwell Furlong, Cowley Road,Cambridge, Cambridgeshire CB4 0WY, United Kingdom Email: info@biorbyt.com | Phone: +44 (0)1223 859 353 | Fax: +44(0)1223 280 240



Preparation Before the Experiment

Item Preparation

All reagents Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also, the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25min) is based on 37°C.

Wash buffer

Dissolve the included powder in 1000ml of deionized water. Excess wash buffer can be stored for up to one week at 4°C.

Biotinylated Anti-Human ALCAM antibody

It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Human ALCAM Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 μ l of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.

Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex

It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.

Human ALCAM Standard

It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 20ng of lyophilized Human ALCAM standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 20ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

Microplate

The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

Dilution of Human ALCAM Standard

1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 –20000pg/ml, #2 –10000pg/ml, #3 – 5000pg/ml, #4 – 2500pg/ml, #5 – 1250pg/ml, #6 – 625pg/ml, #7 – 312.5pg/ml, #8 – 0.0 (Blank).

2. For standard #1, add 1000µl of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.

3. Add 300 μ l of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.

4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μ l of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.

5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μ l of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.

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5 Orwell Furlong, Cowley Road,Cambridge, Cambridgeshire CB4 0WY, United Kingdom Email: info@biorbyt.com | Phone: +44 (0)1223 859 353 | Fax: +44(0)1223 280 240



- 6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.
- 7. Tube #8 is a blank standard to be used with every experiment.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type Procedure

Cell culture supernatants Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at - 20°C.

Serum

Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.

Plasma Collect plasma using heparin or EDTA as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.

*Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.

Cell lysates Lyse the cells, make sure there are no visible cell sediments. Centrifuge cell lysates at approximately 10000 X g for 5 min. Collect the supernatant.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay. It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before the Experiment if you have missed this information).

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.

2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging. 3. Add 100 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 100 μ l of the sample diluent buffer into the control well (Zero well). At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.

4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).

5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.

- 6. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human ALCAM antibody to each well.
- 7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
- 8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.

a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.

b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).

c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.

9. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at RT (or 30 minutes at 37°C).

10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.

a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.

b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).

c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.

11. Add 90 µl of Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)

12. Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.

13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading. It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a fourparameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data. For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on ALCAM

CD166 antigen is a 100-105 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein that is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily of proteins. In humans it is encoded by the ALCAM gene. The gene was mapped to human chromosome 3q13.1-q13.2 by fluorescence in situ hybridization of cDNA probes to metaphase chromosomes. It is also called CD166(cluster of differentiation 166), MEMD, SC-1/DM-GRASP/BEN in the chicken, and KGCAM in the rat. It is expressed on activated T cells, activated monocytes, epithelial cells, fibroblasts, neurons, melanoma cells, and also in sweat and sebaceous glands. CD166 protein expression is reported to be upregulated in a cell line deriving from a metastasizing melanoma. CD166 plays an important role in mediating adhesion interactions between thymic epithelial cells and CD6+ cells during in trathymic T cell development. Recently, CD166 has also been used as a potential cancer stem cell marker.

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5 Orwell Furlong, Cowley Road,Cambridge, Cambridgeshire CB4 0WY, United Kingdom Email: info@biorbyt.com | Phone: +44 (0)1223 859 353 | Fax: +44(0)1223 280 240